

FISH & RICHARDSON P.C.

4225 Executive Square
Suite 1400
La Jolla, California
92037

Telephone
858 678-5070

Facsimile
858 678-5099

Web Site
www.fr.com

November 18, 1999

Attorney Docket No.: 08305/054001/98-32

Box Patent Application

Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, DC 20231

Presented for filing is a new patent application claiming priority from a provisional:

Applicant: NICHOLAS A. DOUDOU MOPOULOS

Title: CLEAR PLASTIC PACKAGING IN A CMOS ACTIVE PIXEL IMAGE
SENSOR

Enclosed are the following papers, including those required to receive a filing date
under 37 CFR 1.53(b):

	<u>Pages</u>
Specification	4
Claims	2
Abstract	1
Declaration	[To be Filed at a Later Date]
Drawing(s)	3

Enclosures:
— Postcard.

Under 35 USC §119(e)(1), this application claims the benefit of prior U.S.
provisional application 60/111,597, filed November 18, 1998.

This application is entitled to small entity status. A small entity statement will be
filed at a later date.

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Frederick P. Fish
1855-1930
K. Richardson
1859-1951

FISH & RICHARDSON P.C.

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November 18, 1999

Page 2

There are 4 claim, 2 are independent.

Basic filing fee	\$0
Total claims in excess of 20 times \$9	\$0
Independent claims in excess of 3 times \$39	\$0
Fee for multiple dependent claims	\$0
Total filing fee:	\$0

No filing fee is being paid at this time. Please apply any other required fees, **EXCEPT FOR THE FILING FEE**, to deposit account 06-1050, referencing the attorney document number shown above. A duplicate copy of this transmittal letter is attached.


If this application is found to be incomplete, or if a telephone conference would otherwise be helpful, please call the undersigned at (858) 678-5070.

Kindly acknowledge receipt of this application by returning the enclosed postcard.

Please send all correspondence to:

SCOTT C. HARRIS
Fish & Richardson P.C.
4225 Executive Square, Suite 1400
La Jolla, CA 92037

Respectfully submitted,



Scott C. Harris
Reg. No. 32030
Enclosures
SCH/jzc

APPLICATION
FOR
UNITED STATES LETTERS PATENT

TITLE: CLEAR PLASTIC PACKAGING IN A CMOS ACTIVE
PIXEL IMAGE SENSOR

APPLICANT: NICHOLAS A. DOUDOU MOPOULOS

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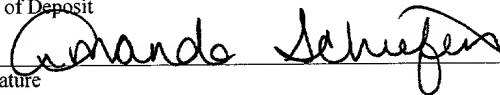
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CLEAR PLASTIC PACKAGING IN A CMOS ACTIVE PIXEL IMAGE SENSOR

The present application claims priority under 35 USC
5 119 from Provisional Application number 60/111,597, filed
November 18, 1998.

Background

Image sensors typically are formed using some kind of
clear portion to allow light photons to enter the package.
10 Other packaging techniques use plastic injection molds,
blown plastics, or plastic transfer molds.

These techniques use a flow of plastic packing
compound into a cavity. The cavity includes the dye to be
packaged, on a lead frame. Once cooled, the package part
15 is removed from the mold, and the leads are trimmed or
formed to form the final packaged part.

Typical materials used in the molding have been
opaque. These materials block incoming light. Hence, when
these materials are used to package an optical component,
20 they must be used in a way that does not interpose
packaging material between the light and the component.

These systems have been used with a preformed plastic
cavity or leadless chip carrier. Using these forms,
however, has meant into a higher package cost.

Summary

The present application teaches packaging a photosensitive device in a clear package. More specifically, the photosensitive device can be a CMOS image sensor that is packaged in clear QFP or acrylic. The clear material allows the CMOS image sensor to be packaged in the same way as any other CMOS device. Since the material used to package the device is clear, however, the image sensor can be directly packaged in the package.

Brief Description Of The Drawings

These and other aspects will now be described in detail with respect to the accompanying drawings, wherein:

Figure 1 shows a chip packaging system;

Figure 2 shows the device receiving incoming light;

and

Figure 3 shows a double sided image sensor.

Detailed Description

The standard cavity mold approach used in CMOS is used according to the present application. The package is formed totally of clear structural plastic, such as QFP, or

an acrylic. The transfer mold approach is used in its standard way, but modified to use the melting and/or flow temperature for the QFP. The pressure and time in the mold are also modified according to the manufacturer's
5 recommendations. The mold forming cavity may also be modified to allow for features which allow for the different viscosity of the clear mold compound.

The final device forms a standard type CMOS die in a totally clear package as shown in Figure 1. The CMOS die,
10 is, for example, a photosensitive device with electrical connections, for example, an active pixel sensor. The perimeter of the device has electrical connections, which are connected to the electrical connections on the image sensor chip.

15 An interesting reason for doing this is for the reasons shown in Figure 2. Incoming light photons such as 200 impinge on the photodetector 199. These are often accumulated in the silicon substrate under the photogate PG as 202, 204. The accumulated photons are stored as charge
20 or some other form, which can be later read out. However, if the whole package is clear, as shown in Figure 2, then the accumulated photons can be received from any conceivable angle, such as the angle shown as 205 in figure

2. A window, which would presumably be in the area shown as 210 in Figure 2, would presumably block that photon.

Another application is shown in Figure 3. The device is packaged with two image sensor elements 300 and 310

5 which respectively receive incoming light from two different sides 315, 317. Another image sensor 312 can receive light from the top 320. Since the package 299 is clear, the image sensors can be freely located within the package perimeter to receive incoming light from any
10 direction.

Other modifications are contemplated. For example, other clear materials may be usable for packaging the chip.

What is claimed is:

1. A packaged photosensitive element,
comprising:

5 a photosensitive element, having electrical
connections; and

a clear plastic package, having said
photosensitive element mounted therein, and providing
a perimeter connected to said electrical connections
10 on said photosensitive element, said clear plastic
package being clear at all locations within said
perimeter.

2. An element as in claim 1, wherein said
15 photosensitive element is a CMOS active pixel sensor.

3. An element as in claim 1, wherein said
plastic package is acrylic.

20 4. A method of packaging an image sensor,
comprising:
obtaining an image sensor with electrical connections;

forming a clear plastic package for said image sensor,
with said image sensor totally encased within said clear
plastic package;

connecting said electrical connections of said image
5 sensor to corresponding connections on a perimeter of said
image sensor; and

operating said image sensor to receive light that
passes through said clear plastic package.

Abstract

A photosensitive chip element is mounted in a totally clear package. The incoming light can pass through the package at any angle. The incoming light passed through
5 the package is sensed by the photosensor and converted to a signal indicative thereof. Since the package is clear, no special way of mounting the chip is necessary.

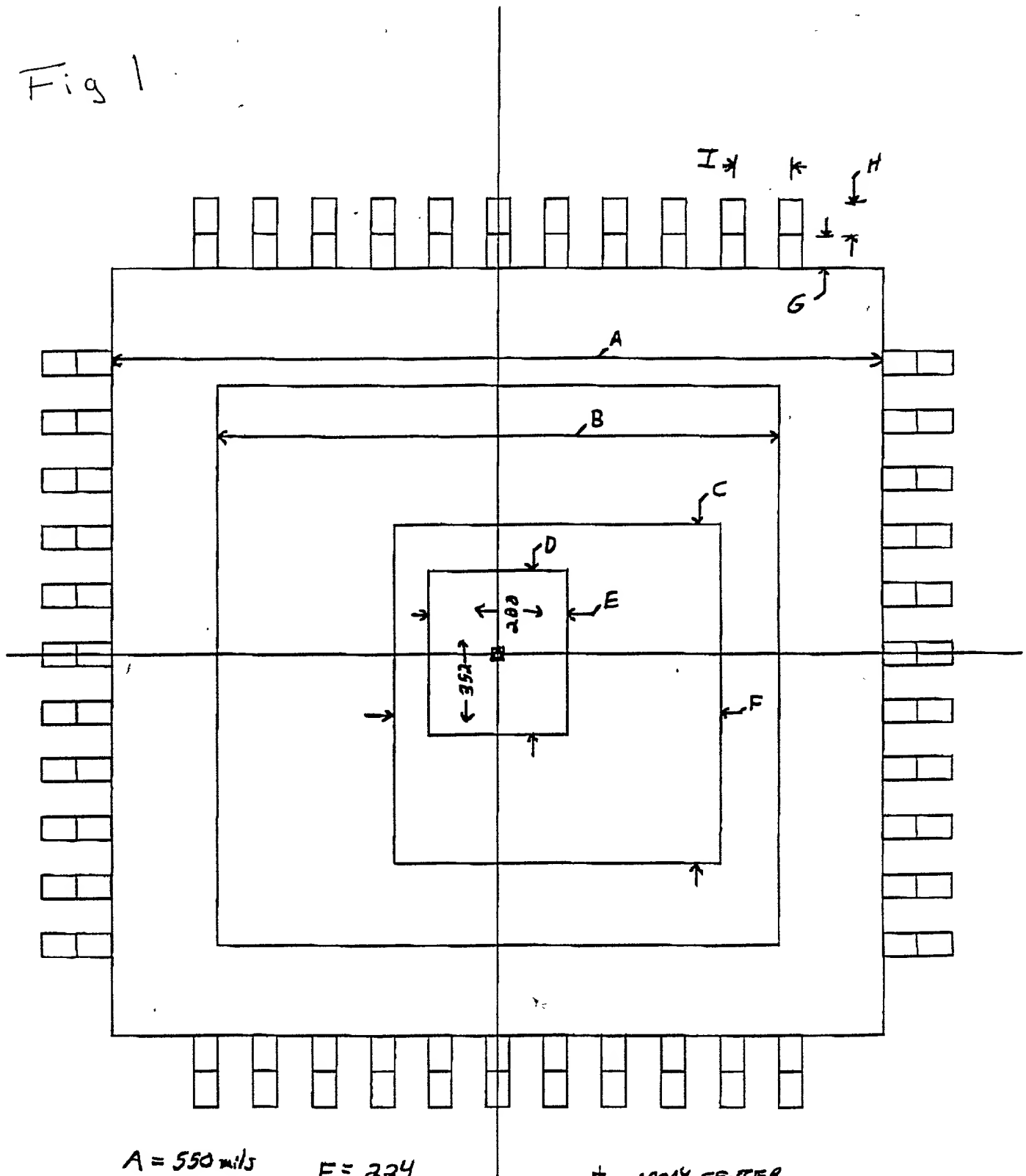
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PB-100 in QFP (44)

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9107

Fig 1



A = 550 mils
B = 410 mils
C = 239 mils
D = 112 mils
E = 92 mils

F = 224
G = 5030 mils
H = 15 mils
I = 39 mils

= ARRAY CENTER
⊕ = PKG. CENTER

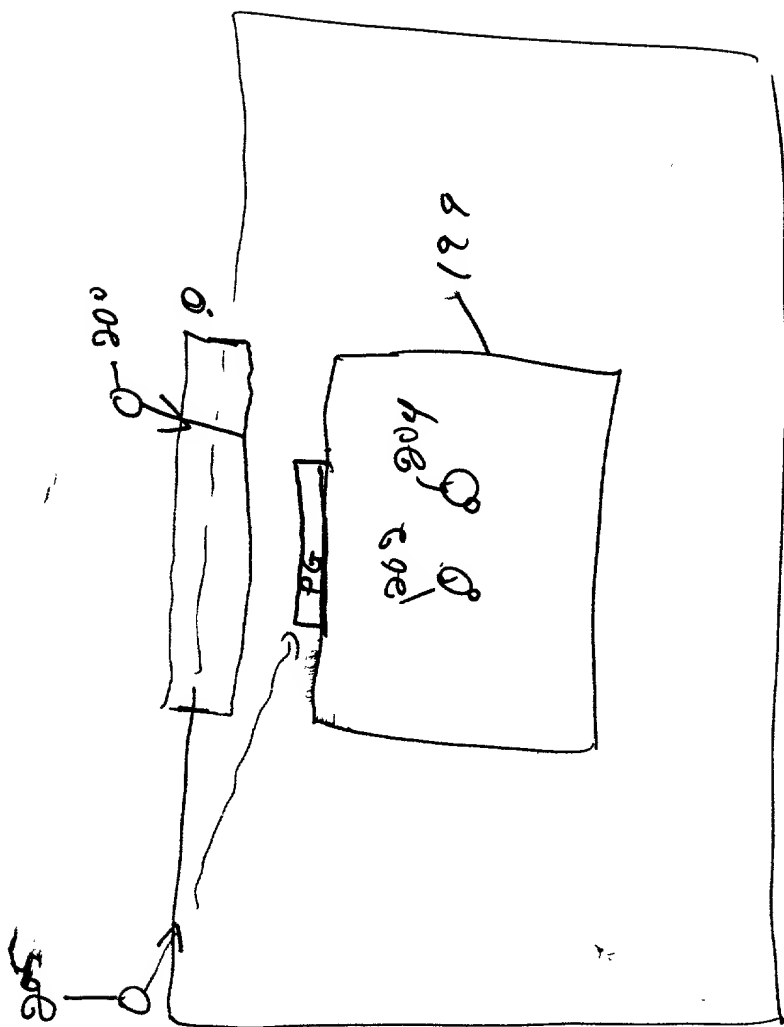


FIG 2

FIG. 3 is a perspective view of the device in accordance with the present invention, showing the device in a closed position.

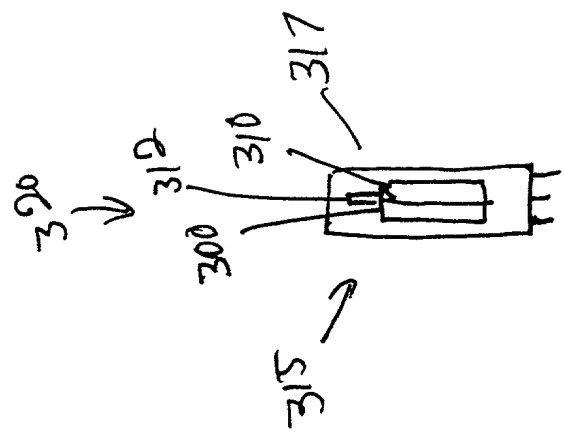


FIG 3